DO YOU HAVE A FAMILY HISTORY OF CANCER?

Ask yourself the question. The answer could help you be ready against hereditary cancer.

To understand if cancer runs in your family, look at your own history, as well as that of both your parents. Both a mother and father can pass their risk for cancer on to any of their children.

WHAT PERCENTAGE OF BREAST CANCER IS HEREDITARY?

In some families cancer is caused by an inherited mutation passed down from a parent. Hereditary breast cancer is due to a genetic change passed down through a family for generations. About 7% of all breast cancers are thought to be hereditary.

WHAT ARE BRCA MUTATIONS?

Most hereditary breast cancer is caused by an inherited mutation in the *BRCA1* or *BRCA2* genes. People who inherit one mutated or non-working copy of a BRCA gene are at greater risk of developing certain types of cancer including breast cancer in both men and women and ovarian cancer in women.

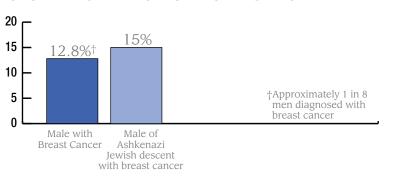


WHO IS AT RISK?

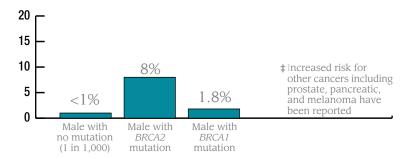
Anyone, male or female, can have a BRCA mutation. Certain personal or family medical histories suggest a person or family may be more likely to have a BRCA mutation. These risk factors, or **Red Flags** include*:

- *Breast cancer before age 50*
- Ovarian cancer diagnosed at any age
- Male breast cancer diagnosed at any age
- Both breast and ovarian cancer in an individual at any age
- Women of Ashkenazi Jewish descent with breast or ovarian cancer at any age
- *A relative with a known BRCA gene mutation*
- 2 primary breast cancers in an individual at any age
- 2 or more breast cancers in a family, one under age 50

RISK OF CARRYING THE BRCA1 OR BRCA2 MUTATION



LIFETIME BREAST CANCER RISK[‡]





WHY WOULD I WANT TO KNOW IF I HAVE A BRCA GENE MUTATION?

Finding out if you have a BRCA gene mutation is important because you can use the information to take action regarding your own health risks. If you have a BRCA gene mutation, members of your family are also at risk of having the same gene mutation.

WHAT ACTION SHOULD I TAKE IF I HAVE A BRCA MUTATION?

The National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) recommends that men with a BRCA gene mutation have breast self-exam training with their physician and that men perform breast self-exams monthly. In addition, men with a BRCA mutation should see their physician twice a year for a clinical breast exam. Your doctor may order a baseline mammogram and based on those findings, may also order a repeat mammogram once a year to screen for breast cancer.

The NCCN also recommends that men with BRCA mutations follow prostate cancer early detection screening guidelines. If you have a family history of prostate cancer be sure and discuss this history with your physician.

^{*}Assessment criteria based on medical society guidelines. For these individual medical society guidelines go to www.myriadtests.com/patient_guidelines

WHAT ARE THE RISKS TO MY FAMILY IF I HAVE A BRCA MUTATION?

- If you have a BRCA mutation, your parents, siblings, and children have a 50% chance to carry the same mutation
- If your male relatives (father, brothers, and sons) carry the same mutation as you; these men will have the same cancer risks previously mentioned
- If your female relatives (mother, sisters, daughters) carry the same mutation, these women will face up to an 87% lifetime risk of breast cancer and also up to a 44% lifetime risk of ovarian cancer
- The NCCN has recommendations for cancer screening and prevention for women who have BRCA gene mutations. These options include:
 - Yearly mammograms and breast MRI for breast cancer screening beginning at age 25
 - Medications that can reduce the risk of breast and ovarian cancer
 - Surgical options with the goal of preventing cancer before it even occurs

It is important that the women in your family know whether or not they carry a BRCA gene mutation as their medical care may change dramatically.

If you have a BRCA gene mutation, other relatives in your extended family may also be at risk including grandparents, aunts, uncles, nieces, and nephews.

WHERE CAN I FIND MORE INFORMATION **ABOUT BREAST CANCER AND BRCA MUTATIONS?**

Myriad Genetic Laboratories, Inc. at www.myriadtests.com American Cancer Society at www.cancer.org John W. Nick Foundation at www.johnwnickfoundation.org National Society of Genetic Counselors at www.nsgc.org





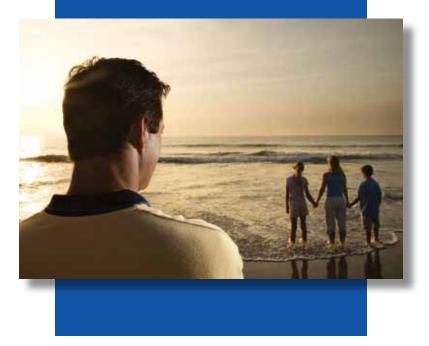
Myriad Genetic Laboratories, Inc. 320 Wakara Way, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108 MYRIAD

www.myriadtests.com

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HEREDITARY BREAST CANCER INFORMATION FOR MEN



Do you have a family history of breast cancer or ovarian cancer?

LEARN MORE ABOUT YOUR CANCER RISK AND HOW YOU CAN REDUCE IT.

